§418.28

might stabilize or otherwise change such that the patient cannot continue to be certified as terminally ill.

(2) The discharge planning process must include planning for any necessary family counseling, patient education, or other services before the patient is discharged because he or she is no longer terminally ill.

[70 FR 70547, Nov. 22, 2005]

§418.28 Revoking the election of hospice care.

- (a) An individual or representative may revoke the individual's election of hospice care at any time during an election period.
- (b) To revoke the election of hospice care, the individual or representative must file a statement with the hospice that includes the following information:
- (1) A signed statement that the individual or representative revokes the individual's election for Medicare coverage of hospice care for the remainder of that election period.
- (2) The date that the revocation is to be effective. (An individual or representative may not designate an effective date earlier than the date that the revocation is made).
- (c) An individual, upon revocation of the election of Medicare coverage of hospice care for a particular election period—
- (1) Is no longer covered under Medicare for hospice care:
- (2) Resumes Medicare coverage of the benefits waived under § 418.24(e)(2); and
- (3) May at any time elect to receive hospice coverage for any other hospice election periods that he or she is eligible to receive.

§418.30 Change of the designated hospice.

- (a) An individual or representative may change, once in each election period, the designation of the particular hospice from which hospice care will be received.
- (b) The change of the designated hospice is not a revocation of the election for the period in which it is made.
- (c) To change the designation of hospice programs, the individual or representative must file, with the hospice from which care has been received and

with the newly designated hospice, a statement that includes the following information:

- (1) The name of the hospice from which the individual has received care and the name of the hospice from which he or she plans to receive care.
- (2) The date the change is to be effective.

Subpart C—Conditions of Participation—General Provisions and Administration

§418.50 Condition of participation— General provisions.

- (a) Standard: Compliance. A hospice must maintain compliance with the conditions of this subpart and subparts D and E of this part.
- (b) Standard: Required services. A hospice must be primarily engaged in providing the care and services described in §418.202, must provide bereavement counseling and must—
- (1) Make nursing services, physician services, and drugs and biologicals routinely available on a 24-hour basis;
- (2) Make all other covered services available on a 24-hour basis to the extent necessary to meet the needs of individuals for care that is reasonable and necessary for the palliation and management of terminal illness and related conditions; and
- (3) Provide these services in a manner consistent with accepted standards of practice.
- (c) Standard: Disclosure of information. The hospice must meet the disclosure of information requirements at §420.206 of this chapter.

 $[48\ FR\ 56026,\ Dec.\ 16,\ 1983,\ as\ amended\ at\ 55\ FR\ 50834,\ Dec.\ 11,\ 1990]$

§418.52 Condition of participation— Governing body.

A hospice must have a governing body that assumes full legal responsibility for determining, implementing and monitoring policies governing the hospice's total operation. The governing body must designate an individual who is responsible for the day to day management of the hospice program. The governing body must also ensure that all services provided are